

KNOWLEDGE BUILDING BLOCKS

Pupils should know:

- ❖ Christians read the 'big story' of the Bible as pointing out the need for God to save people. This salvation includes the ongoing restoration of humans' relationship with God.
- ❖ The Gospels give accounts of Jesus' death and resurrection.
- ❖ The New Testament says that Jesus' death was somehow 'for us'.
- ❖ Christians interpret this in a variety of ways, e.g. a sacrifice for sin, a victory over sin, rescuing the lost and leading them to God.
- ❖ Christians remember Jesus' sacrifice through the service of Holy Communion.
- ❖ Christians believe that Jesus calls them to sacrifice their own needs to the needs of others, and some are prepared to die for others and for their faith.



**Holy Week** is the week between **Palm Sunday** and **Easter Sunday**. Many Christians believe Jesus gave his life to save people from their sins and bring them back to God. They say Jesus' sacrifice brought **salvation**.



Christians remember Jesus' death and resurrection by sharing **communion**. This is also known as the Lord's Supper. The bread represents Jesus' body and the cup represents his blood. *'Love one another as I have loved you' (John 13:34–35)*.

At Westminster Abbey there are ten statues of modern martyrs- Christians who gave up their lives for their beliefs.



 pesach	The Hebrew word for the celebration of "Passover".	 victory	Defeating an "enemy" or wrong doings.
 sacrifice	The act of giving something up for the sake of something more important or worthy	 restoration	Putting back together. Bringing back to its original form.
 Eucharist	The ritual, which is celebrated by Christians to remember the Last Supper. Can also be known as Holy Communion.	 epitaph	Words written in memory of a person who has died.
 Mass	The name for the Eucharist/Holy Communion in the Roman Catholic Church.	 memorial	An object, words or event to remember someone or something important.